

OLD SERIES—VOL. LV—NO. 2,862

THE OBSERVER.

The Leading Newspaper in the Third Congressional District.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., DEC. 11, 1890.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

It is said that "Cleveland and Hill have formed an alliance." We are not precisely informed as to the nature of this alliance, but this is a "combine" of big men beyond a doubt.

The rumor that the New York World has been bought by a moneyed syndicate for \$4,000,000 has been denied. This is quite a comfortable little sum for a newspaper, but we wish it distinctly understood that the Observer is not for sale.

The first Tuesday in November failed to satisfy our good neighbors of Greensboro, and they are about to vote some more. The municipal board has ordered an election to decide the question as to whether or not hog-pens shall be allowed within the limits of the "City of Flowers."

With the beginning of the coming year, Mr. HAY, of the Charlotte Chronicle, is to connect himself with a Baltimore paper. His experience and training will doubtless be missed in the office of the Chronicle, and it is to be hoped that his place will be satisfactorily filled for the interests of Charlotte.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has submitted to Congress his annual message. He finds plenty to say, and there is nothing too bitter, proscriptive and sectional in all the extremes of Republicanism that he does not endorse—yes, heartily. Mr. HARRISON is verily a Radical "after the most strictest sect."

"FARNELL has put back Irish Home Rule at least ten years; and if he is allowed to continue at the head of the Irish members of Parliament it may never come." It may be, but he is the truest friend Ireland has had since the days of the great O'CONNELL, with unquestioned ability and spotless popularity. It is very certain that relief is never to come to Ireland through the enemies of FARNELL.

In New York City there are something over 50,000 negroes, most of whom are in fairly comfortable circumstances, while many have accumulated considerable property. In Philadelphia the ratio of the negroes to the total population is greater than in New York, and a small proportion of the colored citizens of the "City of Brotherly Love" are wealthy, and among their number are several who have attained distinction in the pulpit and in different secular professions.

Mrs. WILLIAM ASTOR, of New York City, has a dinner service which cost \$50,000. Her ancestor, old JAMES ASTOR, toiled and traveled for many years among the peaks of the Hudson Bay country before he accumulated that sum. The same lady wears \$250,000 in diamonds when she starts out "conquering and to conquer." Talk about the wealth, prodigality and lavish display of the Augustean Age of Rome! An average "shabby" family of modern Gotham will give a reception at twenty-four hours' notice transcending all the splendid achievements of any Lucullus of the past.

The death of P. B. SHILLABEER, author of "Mrs. Partington," removes from the number of distinguished American writers a man who had been for many years in retirement, but who in his day made his impress upon the literature of the age. Without evincing any great depth of thought—in truth, the subjects upon which he exercised the powers of his pen demanded no very great research—he was witty and pleasing in style, with a comfortable, wholesome homeliness in the delineation of his characters which was very charming. "Mrs. Partington" was his chief œuvre, and, in fact, gave him his reputation.

One can read with little patience the statement recently made by Mr. EDISON that the fearful casualties which have repeatedly taken place within the past few years by contact with "live" electric wires have been due to the parsimony of the companies operating the lines, in using an inferior wire, too small and carrying too heavy a volt. Wires of the capacity used by his own company in the lower part of New York have been thoroughly tested, and have been found perfectly safe. Many lives have been lost in order to save greedy corporations a few dollars! In the words of Mr. "Peksniff," "oh, mammon, mammon!"

SEVENTH of the Navy TRACT, in making up his report to the government, has evidently studied over the inadequate and incomplete nature of our coast defenses until he has almost wrought himself up into a panic. We have to object to such expenditure as shall put these defenses in proper condition, but we are well off from any danger of foreign invasion, for all that. The knocking to pieces of New York City, or of half dozen such cities, would mean the subjugation of the United States, and the effectual blockading of every port upon its whole coast would affect the outside world more seriously than it would this great country teeming in varied resources.

The Asheville Citizen reads its contemporaries a very sensible homily on the depressing and almost begging attitude which too many newspapers assume in making what are only just demands. The truth is, the patronage of a good, trustworthy journal (which alone will for long receive such patronage) is at least only a fair equivalent for its hard work and meritorious service to the interests of its people and section, and there is no question of favor or obligation in the matter either way. Because a paper evinces good lungs for "pulling" and "blowing," it is not to be judged as subservient, for it is its country's natural trumpet, and it should be very careful in the selection of its objects of commendation.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Pardy Jacobs, the Robeson county outlaw, has been sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Mrs. Epps. —The State Board of Agriculture will petition the Legislature for an appropriation of \$25,000 for defraying the expenses of the North Carolina exhibit at the World's Fair at Chicago in '92. —Governor-elect Tillman, of South Carolina, was inaugurated on the 5th inst. —Rumors are current in South Carolina that J. L. M. Ivey will defeat Wade Hampton for the U. S. Senate. —Delegates from the Working-Men's Reform League and the American anti-Monopoly league addressed the Alliance Convention at Ocala. —Some members of the Alliance convention are preparing a call for a National Convention of all labor organizations to form a Third political party. —The Ways and Means Committee of the House will take measures to rectify before January 1st the omissions in the tariff bill. —A blast furnace blew up at Joliet, Ill., on the 4th inst., burying fifteen men beneath the masonry; eight bodies have been taken out. —In a railroad accident near Kansas City two persons were instantly killed, one of them, Judge Rippe, of Kansas, having his head torn entirely from his body. —Three men, while standing at the window of the paymaster of the Reading Railroad, awaiting their pay, were crushed to death by a train. —King Kalauka arrived at San Francisco on the 5th inst., on the United States Steamer *Charleston*. —The Bank of England has reduced its discount rate from 6 per cent. to 5 per cent. —In his inaugural address Governor Tillman pledged protection to the negroes, but denied the affirmation of the Declaration of Independence that all men were born free and equal. He also demands many changes of the present state of affairs in South Carolina, among other things the abolition of the State University. —The Treasury Department has decided that the bondsmen of the painting, "the Angels," will have to pay \$10,500 duty. —The gratifying statement is made that after all the indebtedness of the Blackwell bank at Durham is liquidated, there will be a snug sum left. —Welborn Bros., of Davidson county, raised 635 bushels of corn on twelve acres. —Mr. Mack Killbreck, of Edgecombe, realized \$500 from two acres in tobacco. —By the flooding of the Anna pit of the Bruen Mining Company, in Belgium, eighty-seven miners were drowned. —The internal revenue collections for the first four months of this fiscal year are over \$4,200,000 in excess of same period last year. —Another bill for free coinage of silver has been introduced in the House. —The Indians are returning to Rosebud from the Bad Lands. —The Interior Department wants \$100,000 to buy beef for the Sioux. —A building in Pittsburg, Pa., used as sleeping apartments was burned on the 5th inst. All the occupants were saved except one man and his wife, who were suffocated by the smoke. —The situation in the Alabama coal mines remains unchanged. —Dr. Baxter, Surgeon General of the army, died on the 5th inst. —At the National meeting on the 5th inst., a committee was appointed to wait upon Mr. Gladstone for the purpose of trying to reconcile the differences between the two leaders. —Dr. Wheeler, of Norfolk, Va., found a negro burglar in his house just after tea. The negro attacked him with a razor, and gave him and his wife some severe slashes. Mrs. Wheeler got her husband's pistol, and the negro fled. —The colored postmistress at Halifax has been arrested by the Federal authorities, charged with embezzlement. —The Farmers' Alliance in North Carolina has 2,200 sub-alliances, while in Virginia it has 1,200 sub-alliances. The order is very rapidly growing in strength in Virginia. —Senator Daniels, of Virginia, has introduced a bill to allow a rebate on tobacco and snuff held in stock January 1st. —Stanton, Virginia, is to have a \$75,000 public building. —Henry M. Stanley will lecture in Atlanta at an early day. —The sales of leaf tobacco in the Danville, Va., market for last month amounted to 3,883,955 pounds; sales for the first two months of the tobacco year were 8,039,685 pounds. —Mr. Burwell Blanton, of Shelby, has given \$100 to the Wake Forest Endowment fund. —The National Alliance Convention has adopted a resolution setting forth the inaccuracy of the census regarding mortgages of farm lands; also one in favor of closing the Columbian Exposition on Sunday. —During the past year 1,069 charters were issued to Farmers' Alliances. —The Third party is gaining ground among the delegates to the Alliance Convention. The convention reads the St. Louis platform, which does not contain the Sub-Treasury bill. —The Legislative committee on railway taxation has completed its labors, and its report is ready for the Legislature. It recommends the acceptance of the proposition made by the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad last June. —The negro who entered the house of Dr. Wheeler, of Norfolk, last Thursday night, has been captured. He had two pistol ball wounds in the head. —The call for a Third party convention to meet in Cincinnati, February 23rd, 1891, has been issued from Ocala, Fla. It is signed by seventy-five delegates to the Farmers' Alliance Convention. —Delamater & Co., bankers of Meadville, Pa., have made an assignment. —Geo. W. Delamater, defeated Republican candidate for Governor, was president of the bank. —The New Hampshire Legislature in special session has adjourned. The Legislature declined to pass the bill of instructions to the clerk as to the mode of making up the roll of the next Legislature. —The freemen and seamen of three steamship companies at London have gone on a strike. Police are on duty to protect the non-striking men supplied in their places. —The stringency in commercial circles is now almost the only cause of present financial disturbances. The influence of European troubles has passed. —Foreign commerce is now heavily in favor of this country. —There are \$87,000,000 more in circulation now than at the same time last year.

NATIONAL FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

In Session at Ocala, Florida.

OCALA, Fla., December 3, 1890.—The National Farmers' Alliance met here last night. There are thirty North Carolinians and five hundred delegates and visitors here. Col. Polk's address was received with great applause. At last evening's meeting the report of the committee on credentials was received. A resolution was adopted enjoining all the members to the strictest secrecy. A press committee was appointed which alone is authorized to speak officially. Other committees appointed were on President Polk's address, order of business, mileage, per diem and fraternal relations. A resolution was adopted providing a committee of one from each State delegation of investigation from the conduct of Mr. Macune, chairman of the National Executive Committee, L. F. Livingstone, President of the Georgia State Alliance, and President Polk, it having been charged that these gentlemen were influenced in their action by monetary considerations.

The charges against Mr. Macune promise to come before the convention and challenge through investigation. They are: Reversing the Alliance principles in reference to the Georgia senatorship; selling his influence to the Terminal Company; traveling on free Terminal passes, while there is no visible reason for his being so favored; defending the ruling of tyrant Reed; denouncing tariff reform as a luxury; ghost of sectional hatred and breeder of strife between labor and capital; violating Alliance Creed in not advocating government ownership of railroads; trying to break up the Democratic party South, in violation of the Alliance constitution, which forbids partisan politics.

In support of this charge it is urged that he secured Langley's nomination in Arkansas; helped to seat Featherstone, of Arkansas, although Cates was undoubtedly elected; that he vigorously fought Carlisle and other Democratic leaders, while he had never a word to say against the Republican leaders; and that he denounced the Democratic party as the "galvanized grid of disloyalty and rebellion." Another charge is about his support of the Conger bill and his opposition to the Paddock food produce bill, which was endorsed by many Alliances.

How "the man from many States" will meet these charges and retain the chairmanship of the national executive committee is a subject of marvellous speculation. It is rumored that Macune is trying to secure the defeat of Polk for President and the election of Clover, of Kansas, for that position.

Hindu Workmanship.

As a people the Hindus have no originality either in trades or professions. They are imitators, pure and simple. One experience of your correspondent will be sufficient to illustrate the whole line of trades. I had occasion to make in Madras to have a pair of pants made, so I called upon the leading tailor of the place. After making known my wants, by the aid of an interpreter, I was informed that if the cloth and pattern for the work were furnished, his artist would undertake the task. Next day he was supplied with the needed material, and under favorable auspices the contract was taken up. The tailor was informed that the "fit" of the old pants was satisfactory, and I left the shop in silence and with some fears for results. In due course of time the work was sent to my "hotel," with the bill, which tailors never seem to omit either in the occasion or on the job and examined for approval. The pants sent as a pattern had been torn at some time and patched, and my surprise, horror, indignation and amazement can be imagined when I discovered that the new article had also been patched like the old—thus, to use a printer's phrase, absolutely following copy.

Forecasting Thunder Storms.

R. H. Scott in Popular Science.] Among the earliest symptoms of the approach of a thunder storm is the appearance on the western horizon of a line of cumulus ("wood pack") clouds, exhibiting a peculiar turret structure. I say on the western horizon, for most of our changes of weather come from that quarter, and it has been proved that thunder storms, like wind storms, advance over the country from some westerly point. This bank of clouds moves on, and over it appear first streams of rain, and then sheets of lighter upper cloud—cirrus, or "mare's-tails"—which spread over the sky with extreme rapidity. The heavy cloud mass comes up under this film, and it is a general observation that no electrical explosion or downfall of rain ever takes place from a cloud unless streamers of cirrus, emanating from the upper surface, are visible when the cloud is looked at side ways from a distance.

How Smokeless Powder is Made.

Purified wood cellulose is gradually introduced into a very cold mixture of one part of fuming nitric acid and two parts of concentrated sulphuric acid until a thick pulp is formed. After six hours' contact the pulp is washed, first with cold and then with warm and slightly ammoniacal water. The washed product is boiled in a concentrated solution of nitrate of baryta, gently compressed, and dried at 40 per cent. In order to granulate it (an operation that is not indispensable) machines devised for the purpose are necessary.

It is probable that this smokeless powder is the same that was offered twenty years ago, by an English house, to the Austrian and German governments, and refused after the examination.

The World's Silk Crop.

The production of silk throughout the world last year is estimated at 11,706 tons, as against 11,548 tons in 1888, 11,888 tons in 1887, 10,594 tons in 1886, and 9,002 tons in 1885. The average of four years from 1885 to 1888 was 10,748 tons. The 1889 crop was produced in Syria and other parts of the Levant.

Parents in choosing an employment for their children, or giving them advice upon the subject, should study their temperaments and inherited tendencies. Children of consumptive parents should seldom engage in sedentary occupations. Those who have inherited weak hearts should not engage in work involving much severe strain.

He Kept His Word.

There is a man running an engine on the San Antonio division of the Southern Pacific Railway Company, between this city and Del Rio, whose name is familiar to many people in Indiana, writes a San Antonio correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer. He is no other than Frank Bracey, the son of one of the richest men in Terre Haute, Ind., whose wealth is reckoned in the millions. He is one of the coolest, most unassuming and most reliable engineers in the service, and has hosts of friends in this city, none of whom, however, knew his history until to-day, when a most affecting accident brought it to light.

The people of Terre Haute will remember Frank as a dashing society man of that city ten years ago. He drove fast horses, and his way was paid by his father without question, and he had a monthly cash allowance of \$150. Some trouble arose between father and son, the nature of which is unknown, and the son left home vowing never to darken the threshold of the parental home again.

Seven years passed swiftly by, and Frank's sister lay upon her deathbed. Detectives were put upon the track of her brother. All the detective agencies in the country were furnished his description and directed to look for him. He had been completely swallowed up in the great world, and his sister died without seeing him.

Three more years passed away. A favorite cousin, the wife of an army officer, came to Del Rio with her husband, who is now in command of the post at that place. To-day they were dining, as usual, at the Valverde Hotel. A nice-looking young man sat at a table near them and observed the lady attentively. Having finished eating he passed out through the office, and asked the clerk if the lady was Mrs. Wheeler. Being answered in the affirmative, he added: "She is my own cousin, and went on. The lady now came out, and the clerk asked:

Punctuation.

It is strange that the use of points for purposes of punctuation should be such a comparatively modern invention. Of the generally used points only the period (.) dates earlier than the fifteenth century. The colon (:) is said to have been first introduced about 1485, the comma (,) some 35 years later, and the semi-colon (;) about 1570. It is difficult to understand how the literary world dispensed with these useful points, and their lack must have added to the toil of the decipherer of written documents. When we remember what curious inversions of meaning may be caused by the misplacing of a comma we marvel how early authors contrived to escape strange misreadings of their works, in which no points guided the student.

A Russian officer in command of a company of athletes numbering sixty-seven men, ordered them to swim across the Volga in a place where the river is one and a half miles wide, with two officers at the head and one in the rear. The whole company acquitted themselves creditably. The feat was performed toward the evening. When the swimmers had made about a third of the distance a steamer was noticed coming on them at full speed. The officer at the head of the company ordered "halt, with faces upward!" and was obeyed as promptly as if on the parade ground. The company was then ordered to pass, and then proceeded till they reached the opposite shore. Their swim backward was performed without interruption.

Why an Iceberg Floats.

Icebergs float for the same reason that the lump of ice in the pitcher remains upon the surface, because its specific gravity is less than that of the water surrounding it; in other words, ice is lighter than water. This lightness is caused by air being imprisoned in the water, and in the ice as it is forming. Water shrinks in freezing, and from this point it expands as it cools until the freezing point is reached, at which time the ice occupies a space about one-eighth greater than its former bulk of water. An iceberg shows only about one-eighth of its bulk, one 30th of its weight extends over 2,000 feet in the water below.

Long Life.

Birds are, ordinarily, exceedingly long-lived. The swan, it is ascertained by means of unquestionable records, has been known to exist over 300 years. A sea eagle captured in 1715, then almost several years of age, died 104 years afterward, in 1819; and a white-headed vulture, captured in 1708, died in 1826, in one of the aviaries of Schoenbrunn castle, near Vienna, having passed 118 years in captivity. Numerous deer parakeets have been known to live 100 years and over. As with most birds, magpies live many years in a state of freedom, but do not reach over twenty or twenty-five in captivity. Caged canary birds live from twelve to fifteen years; but those flying at liberty, in their native land, reach a far more advanced age.

Cheerful, active labor is a blessing. An old philosopher says: "The freely only shines when on the wing; so it is with the mind: when once we rest, we darken."

It is not Gould's that glitters, but the chances are it will be—Washington Star.

In matters of conscience first thoughts are the best, in matters of prudence the last.—Robert Hall.

The first ingredient in conversation is truth, the next sense, the third good humor, and the fourth art.—Sir William Temple.

Indian Tribes of the Amazon.

Popular Science Monthly.] The Pammaris, Indian tribes of the Amazonian river Purus, are described by Dr. P. Ehrenreich as being pure water-men. Most of their life is spent in their canoes, and they are conspicuous by a peculiarity of the skin, which is covered with white and black spots, causing them to look dappled. The same skin affection exists among other tribes of the western Amazon, and is very mysterious.

The Pammaris are industrious collectors of catouche and copiva, and have provided themselves with many European articles of commerce. The Jammadis make their home in the forest; are without knowledge of navigation; are clever agriculturists; avoid trade with the settlers, and seldom leave their dense wilderness. They are still an uncorrupted, hospitable, frank, natural people. Their principal weapon is the blow-pipe, discharging poisonous arrows.

The most important nation on the Purus are the Ipurinas, or Cangiti, who dwell in numerous hordes, under different names, in the head-water region. They are a proud, warlike race, of vindictive disposition, cunning and treacherous, and are still partly anthropophagous. Domestic animals are rarely kept, tobacco is always used as snuff, and poisoned weapons are the means of offense and defense. In the region of the source of the Rio Acro other Indian races of great interest to ethnologists dwell, possessing richly-carved huts for ceremonies, stone figures and idols.

The catouche trade, with its reckless chase, exercises a most demoralizing effect upon the Indians, nevertheless, that element might become of the highest importance to the immense but thinly-peopled province of the Amazon, if only judicious and conscientious treatment were adopted as the means of bringing the aborigines within the bounds of civilization.

The Biggest Apple Tree.

Boston Journal.] The largest apple tree in New England, and probably in the world, is in the western part of Cheshire, Conn., standing in Mr. Delos Hotchkiss's doorway. Its age can be traced by a family tradition to 140 years at least, and it is now between twenty-five and thirty years older. It is at the present time of symmetrical shape; the trunk is nearly round, without a scar or blemish on it; there are eight large branches; five of them have been in the habit of bearing one year and the remaining three the next. Mr. Hotchkiss has gathered in one year from the five branches 85 bushels of fruit, and his predecessor had harvested a crop of 110 bushels from the same five branches. By careful measurement, the circumference of the trunk 1 foot above the ground, above all enlargements of the roots, is 13 feet 8 inches. The girth of the largest single limb is 6 feet 8 inches. The height of the tree has been carefully measured and found to be 60 feet, and the spread of the branches the spread of the trunk is 130 feet, or 31 feet wide. The fruit is rather small, and of moderate excellence.

Senators and the Presidency.

Albany Times.] While it is true that no sitting member of the United States Senate has ever been elected to the Presidency of the United States, yet several ex-Senators have been elected. James Monroe had served in the Senate from 1790 to 1794. John Quincy Adams had served from 1803 to 1806. Andrew Jackson was twice elected to the Senate in 1798 and 1823, and he became President. Martin Van Buren was Senator from 1821 to 1828. William H. Harrison was Senator in 1825 and 1826. Franklin Pierce was Senator from 1837 to 1845. James A. Garfield was elected Senator in 1880, but was elected President in the same year, before taking his Senatorial seat.

It is true, however, that many distinguished Senators who have aspired to the Presidency have been defeated, either in convention or before the people, among whom were Henry Clay, Lewis Cass, Wm. H. Seward, Stephen A. Douglas, John C. Calhoun, Silas Wright and Dan Webster.

A Queen's Blunder.

Harpers Magazine.] Very startling was the mistake made by a Queen of Denmark during her visit to the Danish colony of Iceland, where the good old bishop exerted himself to the utmost to show her everything that was worth seeing. The Queen paid many compliments to her host, and, having learned that he was a family man, graciously inquired how many children he had. Now, it happens that the Danish word for children is almost identical in sound with the Icelandic word for sheep; so the worthy bishop—whose knowledge of Danish was not so complete as it might have been—understood Her Majesty to ask how many sheep he owned, and he answered: "Two hundred." "Two hundred children!" cried the Queen, astounded. "How can you possibly maintain such a number?" "Easily enough, please Your Majesty," replied the hyperborean prelate, with a cheerful smile. "In the summer I turn them out upon the hills to graze, and when winter comes I kill and eat them."

Girard College.

Girard College, in Philadelphia, was founded by the bequest of Stephen Girard, who left \$2,000,000, besides the proceeds of a certain portion of his estate, for the erection and maintenance of a college for orphans. This edifice, of white marble, built in the Corinthian style, is admitted to be the finest specimen of Grecian architecture in America. It was begun in 1838 and opened in 1848, having cost in its construction nearly \$2,000,000. It is one of the "show places" of Philadelphia, visited by nearly all strangers, to whom are exhibited the old-time bedstead and suit of clothes of Stephen Girard, with other relics of the eccentric but shrewd old Frenchman. A marble statue in the lower vestibule covers the remains of the founder. Girard Avenue runs past the college; and the city having greatly extended in that direction, neighboring property has become very valuable.

There are more quarrels smothered by just shutting your mouth and holding it shut than by all the wisdom in the world.

It is estimated that the number of passengers carried by all the railroads of the world averages 6,500,000 a day.

YOUR ATTENTION!

THESE ELEGANT

Light Running
Machines.

AT FIGURES THAT

DEFY COMPETITION.

CALL ON

ROYAL & BORDEN,

S. E. Corner Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Sole Agents for Cumberland

and Adjoining Counties.



WALTER WATSON.

—DEALER IN—

Hardware, Cutlery, Pistols.

GUNS, &c., &c.

Sporting Goods of Every Description.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Engine and Saw Mill Supplies.

Rubber Belting, Leather Belting, Lace and Belt Fasteners

OF ALL KINDS AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Estimates and Correct Measurements Given for Machinery

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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ALWAYS IN STOCK

AT LIVING PRICES.

TURPENTINE AND EDGE TOOLS

—OF EVERY DESCRIPTION MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE—

Fayetteville, N. C.

EDGAR A. POE,

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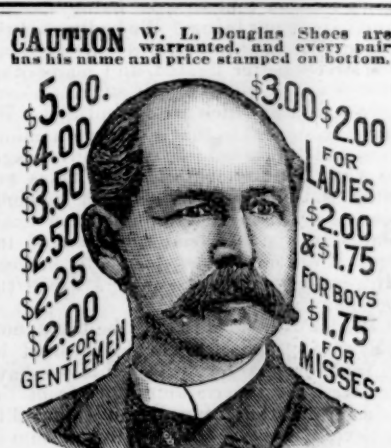
BRICK,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Paving Brick and for Factory Use a Specialty. Capacity 20,000 per day. Correspondence solicited from Street-Paving Contractors, Factory Men and others in need of a genuine article. Best Brick manufactured South of Philadelphia; will stand a pressure of 100 tons. I am prepared to fill ALL orders, large or small. For further particulars, call on or address

H. A. POE,
Fayetteville, N. C.

October 18, 1890.—[y]



W. L. DOUGLAS

FOR GENTLEMEN.

Fine Calf and Laced Waterproof Grain.

The excellence and wearing qualities of this shoe cannot be better shown than by the following list of prices:

\$2.00 Gentleman's Hand-sewed, an elegant and

\$2.50 stylish dress shoe which commands itself.

\$3.00 Unusually fine and durable.

\$3.50 All-weather shoe, especially adapted for

railroad men, farmers, etc.

All made in America, Boston and New York.

\$3 & \$2 SHOES LADIES.

have been most favorably received since introduced and the recent improvements make them superior to any shoes sold at these prices.

Ask your dealer, and if he cannot supply you send direct to factory enclosing advertisement price, or a postal for order blanks.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Jan'y 2, 1890.

Coal!

Coal!

COAL!

In ANY QUANTITY.

For sale by

C. E. PEARCE.

Leave orders at McMillan Bro's Store.

Oct. 30, 1890.

J. C. STEVENSON & FAYOR,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Wholesale Dealers in Fancy and Staple Groceries.

Correspondence solicited. Samples on application.

March 20.

W. H. NEWBURY,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

—MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN—

BUILDERS' MATERIAL,

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

WEATHERBOARDING,

CEILING, FLOORING,

MOULDINGS,

COLUMNS, BRACKETS, DOGGS,

STAIR RAILS, NEWEL POSTS,

EASES AND WREATHS,

TURNED AND SAVED BALUSTERS,

Scroll Sawing and Turning a Specialty.

Rough and Dressed Lumber.

Orders Solicited and Work Guaranteed.

Aug. 14, 1890.

PARK HOUSE,

OPPOSITE C. F. & Y. V. DEPOT.

Three minutes walk from A. C. L. Depot.

BEST LOCATION IN THE CITY.

Cuisine and Service Unexcelled. Open

Fire Places. Reasonable Rates.

Will open on the 15th a Restaurant and Cafe with

Oysters on half-shell and, to order, served from 7 A.

M. to 2 A. M.

Special attention to the country trade.

MRS. T. G. HALL,

Proprietress.

Oct. 9, 1891.

High Point Factory.

J. H. Jenkins & Co., of this large "plant," are

making a depository with me of their many grades of

tobacco, comprising King, Twist, Smoking Tobacco

HERE WE ARE AGAIN!

Everybody!
COME RUNNING!

EVERYBODY!

COME RUNNING!

Everybody!
COME RUNNING!

—AND CATCH—

Christmas at the Racket Store!

REMEMBER, WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

BOTTOM PRICES OUR MOTTO.

ALL ON THE GROUND FLOOR.

The Grandest Display of Christmas and Holiday Goods Ever Brought to Fayetteville,

AND AT PRICES THAT ARE ASTONISHINGLY LOW. WE MENTION A FEW SPECIALTIES:

OUR CHINA AND GLASSWARE DEPARTMENT:

Moss-Gilt Vases, Baskets, Jars and Pitchers
---Curious and Odd Shapes---beautifully
decorated, just the rage now
everywhere.
Opaque and Transparent Vases---new and
very beautiful.
China Lamps---very handsome and very
cheap.
Dinner Sets, Dinner Sets, at prices greatly
reduced.
Tea Sets, Tea Sets, cheaper than ever before
offered.

If you are in need of anything in this
line, now is your chance. Come early and
avoid the rush.

IN GLASSWARE WE MENTION

Pitchers, Goblets, Sugar-Bowls, Spoon-Hold-
ers, Waiters, Castors, Butter-Dishes,
Lamps, &c., &c.
Good Ware and Extremely Low.

Leather Writing-Desks---complete and
elegant.

IN FANCY ARTICLES AND MANTEL ORNAMENTS:

Beautiful Bronze Goods:

Jars,
Pitchers,
Lions,
Horses,
Smokers' Sets.
Bisque Figures, 12½ up.
Brass Piano Lamps.
Brass Plush-Top Stands.
Brass Umbrella Stands.
Brass Match Safes and Stands---new
and pretty.

CLOCKS! CLOCKS!! CLOCKS!!!

A beautiful assortment of Silk Umbrellas.
Fancy handles, gold and silver and wood.

A small lot of Silver-Plated Ware---bought
at a bargain and will be sold cheap.
Children's Sets---Knife, Fork and Spoon,
Crumb Brushes and Waiters.

Come and see them.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

Childhood is soon over---let the little
ones have a good time while it lasts.

In Toys we have the largest and best
selection ever brought to Fayetteville.

Dolls, from one cent up---all kinds and colors.
Banks, Engines, Cars, Tool Chests, Noah Arks, Horses,
Monkeys, Dogs, Cats, Birds, Trumpets, Whistles,
Watches, Clocks, Aerobats, Whips, Guns,
Cannons, Pistols, Masks.

WAGONS! WAGONS!!

Express Wagons,
Grocery Wagons,
Delivery Wagons,
Milk Wagons,
One Horse Wagons,
Two Horse Wagons.

Doll Carriages,
Phetons,
Dump Carts,
Salkeys,
Street Cars,
Steamboats,
Railroads,
Engines,

Games of Many Kinds, and Toys, the name
of which is unknown except to a boy or
girl.

Tinware, Hardware, Woodenware, Glassware, Tableware, and Dry Goods to Wear.

These goods are all on the first floor. No going up stairs to inspect them.

REMEMBER, NO OLD GOODS CARRIED OVER FROM LAST YEAR. ALL NEW.

We now occupy two stores in the Thornton Block, and both are full of

NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS,

BOUGHT WITHOUT REGARD TO "BILL McKINLEY" OR ANY OTHER BILL

Except the Greenback Bill, and to be sold on the same terms. WE MARK THEM LOW! EXTREMELY LOW! Come and supply yourself.

We make SPECIAL PRICES to VISITORS by the Excursion Train December 15.

Be sure to call and buy what you want at

THE RACKET STORE.

DOLLARS IN YOUR POCKET

The Grandest Opportunity!

The Biggest Offer!

For YOU to SAVE and MAKE MONEY

EVER PRESENTED IN YOUR EXPERIENCE!

READ, THEN THINK!

In the next two months I will make a Change in my Clothing Store Business

AND IN CONSEQUENCE

AM DETERMINED

To close out the ENTIRE STOCK of Clothing now on Hand!

THEY MUST GO!

All of these goods are perfectly NEW and FRESH, bought for THIS SEASON'S TRADE, and comprise in value

Sixty Thousand Dollars!

\$60,000.00!

SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS!

\$60,000.00!

IT IS BY FAR THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF

FINE CLOTHING

Ever Shown in this section. All the Latest and Newest Styles.

I propose CLOSING this IMMENSE stock at ONCE at

NET COST!
NET COST!
NET COST!

If you want Clothing NOW is YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

This is the BIGGEST SALE of CLOTHING ever announced in North Carolina. IT IS IMMENSE!

The Railroads have, by request, consented to give REDUCED RATES so you can attend this UNPRECEDENTED SALE at comparatively small cost. NOW IS YOUR TIME!

FRANK THORNTON, Fayetteville, N.C.

December 4th, 1890.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street
(Observer Building.)

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1890.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

Thos. H. Newberry will at an early date commence in this city the publication of a new paper, the *North Carolina Baptist*. He has our best wishes for his success in journalism.

Emmett Hart, a dealer of stock in the city, was found dead in bed on Tuesday last. He had attended the funeral of a friend, on returning, he complained of being unwell—on Sunday he was taken ill. The inmates of the house, on being called to the room at the time stated, found him dead.

On Monday excursion next Monday, the *North Carolina Baptist* will leave for the merchants of Fayetteville and return. The merchants of Fayetteville can have every household between here and the city with all the Xmas goods looking for. Come up, one and see the Capital City of the Cape Fear and Christmas attire.

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On the fourth page of to-day's OBSERVER will be found a complete list of the members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the General Assembly of North Carolina for 1891, with their political affiliations defined by "R" for Republican and "D" for Democrats.

Attention, Please.
Your attention is directed this week especially to the following new advertisements:
NOTICE.
WANTED.
CHAS. G. CAIN—Notice.
Q. K. NIMMOCKS—Notice.
W. H. TOMLINSON—Notice.
W. J. McDONALD, JR.—Whiskey.
A. S. HUSKE—Attention, Smokers.
S. SHEETZ & SONS—Christmas Presents.
A. BURNS—Grand Holiday Excursion.
CHAS. G. CAIN—Notice of Incorporation.
ROSE & LEAK—New and Seasonable Goods.
CHAS. G. CAIN—Petition for Partition of Land.

Choral Association.
It is gratifying to know that the recently organized "Fayetteville Choral Association" has entered upon what promises to be a long, useful and brilliant career under very favorable auspices. Its permanent organization has been successfully effected (the particulars of which have already been given in the OBSERVER), and it has settled down to its work of fostering the art of music in our midst, and of rendering feasible the very best class of periodical amateur musical entertainments. Its meetings are held every Thursday evening with a good attendance, and the active members of the association have already practiced with signal success that magnificent epic in music, Haydn's "Creation," with a view to a concert in the future.

The Mother of Washington.
Mrs. John B. Broadfoot has favored us with a copy of the circular recently issued by the "National Mary Washington Memorial Association," of which Mrs. Z. B. Vance is one of the vice-presidents. Beautifully expressed and glowing with patriotic love and fervor, the circular sets forth the design of the Association—the erection of a suitable monument over the unmarked grave of Mary Washington, the mother of the great Liberator. To this end it is intended to form subordinate associations throughout the country, and to solicit the necessary funds for the accomplishment of the object.

The circular characterizes this as a "woman's movement," and it could not better named to secure our hearty sympathy and cooperation. We owe our aid to them in liquidation of a great debt in the past—their prayers, the work of their hands and the love of their hearts, when the great "movements" which have illuminated history made military camps of broad States, and sent men to the field by tens of thousands in armed ranks; when our heroes were to be honored, and the cherished dust of our great leaders to be protected by the memorial shaft; when all the holiest emotions of the soul called for sacred observances in tribute to patriotic sacrifice and devotion.

Yes, we owe open hands to this "woman's movement," and we hope that the success of the effort in this community may be gratifying. The name of the treasurer of the association in this city will be hereafter made known.

Railroad Notes.
Railroad building in North Carolina is by no means at a standstill, and ere many years roll by we expect to see that portion of the State lying between the Richmond & Danville on the north and west, the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley on the east, and the Carolina Central on the south, embracing the counties of Montgomery and Stanley and portions of Anson, Mecklenburg, Cabarrus, Moore, Chatham and Randolph, almost a network of railroads. This undeveloped territory abounds largely in virgin forests and large and valuable mineral deposits, the development of which means untold wealth to its owners. The building of the Fayetteville & Albemarle Railroad would be a great boon to that section, and should enlist the cooperation and hearty support of the people throughout that section.

We see it stated upon the authority of the *Stanley Observer* that the Atlantic Coast Line has decided to build, in the near future, a railroad from Wadesboro to Norwood, where it will make connection with the Yadkin Railroad, as mentioned in our last issue.

The *Carthage Blade* learns that the Aberdeen & West End Railroad will be extended, at an early day, from Candor to Asheboro, where it will connect with the Richmond & Danville. This, the *Blade* thinks, foreshadows its early extension south to Fayetteville. We share with you in that desire, brother, most heartily.

Things are rapidly assuming shape for the southern extension of the Wilson & Fayetteville road.

The Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley has completed its Factory Branch to Ramseur, and how much further it will penetrate that section is not just known at present. It is ever forging ahead.

Passed.
Ben Henderson, a very intelligent young colored man of Fayetteville, after graduating at Howard University, and taking the special Medical Course, has just satisfactorily passed his civil service examination. He is a son of Abram Henderson, a very estimable colored citizen of this town, who, if not quite so celebrated as the "Barber of Seville," is well-known as one of the barbers of Market Square.

Branch House.
Messrs. Dewy & Bunn, of New Bern, N.C., have opened a branch house of their interior decorating business in Fayetteville, and will also contract for fresco painting and exterior finishing.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Touching and Beautiful Farewell.
Like rich, mellow wine on the thirsting tongue, the last words of the retiring pastor of the Hay Street Methodist church, Rev. C. W. Byrd, sank deep into touched and melting hearts; and, even as the perfume of flowers, their power and sweetness will linger with his people for many a day.

Last Sunday's services were tinged with the sadness inseparable from the sundering of near ties, but they were beautiful exercises—their impressiveness in the morning enhanced by the solemn ceremonial of the Lord's Sacrament, accompanied by an able discourse appropriate to the administration of that ordinance. Mr. Byrd's evening sermon was especially addressed to young men—his theme the character of John the Baptist, the model of an upright christian man, pure in heart as a woman, fearless in his consecration to God. Even as he thrilled his hearers by his eloquence, so his own soul seemed to glow in the graciousness of his grand subject: in the flush of early manhood himself—a manhood vowed in all its possibilities to his Maker—it seemed as if he were yearning for strength from God to approach the characteristics of this splendid Bible exemplar whose story he narrated. The striking and salient features of the life of John the Baptist—his courage, his fidelity and his humility—were very graphically portrayed.

Our sympathy with his congregation, our personal friends, adds to the regret which our warm and affectionate esteem for the man makes us feel at the departure of Mr. Byrd; but we are somewhat consoled in the fact that he has been transferred to a field of service worthy of his talents. Should God preserve his health he is destined to do a great work for his Conference and his Church.

Beautiful Observance of a Pleading Custom.
"Service of Sevens china, most exquisite and neat,
Furnished forth the dainties of the banquet rare;
Feast, rich in love's gracious flow as generous meal,
Invokes the guests' blessings on the happy pair."

The beautiful exterior decorations which illumined with undulating lines of colored light the imposing exterior of the residence on Dick street gave earnest of the brilliancy of the picture across the broad threshold to the throngs of friends who, on Friday evening, 5th inst., were assembling to offer their congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Slocomb on the occasion of their "china wedding" anniversary. Ushered within, festoons of holly and ivy, with other adornments meet to the festive scene, delighted the eye of the visitor in the broad hall and through the capacious rooms.

In the parlor on the left the genial host and the charming and lovely hostess received their guests, while inspiring dance music from the large parlor opposite challenged the young and merry to the pleasures of the waltz and quadrille. Full dress was of course *en regle*, though greater latitude was permitted to those who had gone far beyond the "china" anniversary, and elegant toilettes enhanced the charms of the most witching types of female beauty; but we have never seen less constraint, more congeniality and, thanks to whole-souled welcome, more heart-felt enjoyment among so large a number met together.

A room on the second floor was devoted to a display of the gifts of friendship and affection (numbering nearly 200), embracing the rare, costly, ornamental and beautiful; bric-a-brac, articles of vertu, adjuncts of the toilet and dressing-tables. Some of the most beautiful presents came from friends abroad.

The supper-room—in which a collation of generous profusion and elegance was served from 10 to 1 o'clock—was a gem in its grouping and arrangement, for which the admiring recipients of the feast were indebted to the deft hand and the trained taste of Mr. Frank S. Deming, who, in fact, planned all the decorations for the occasion. The fruit-piece, surmounting the buffet at the end of the room, was a marvel of ingenuity and skill.

Long yet unbroken with cloud will be the sky of their wedded life if fortune deals its favors in consonance with the wishes of their friends.

The Fife Meetings at Louisburg.
The Fife meetings at Louisburg closed last Sunday, with gratifying results, as the following letter from a prominent citizen of that town will show:

LOUISBURG, N. C., Dec. 4, 1890.
Editors of Fayetteville Observer:
Of all temporal rewards which bless the honest efforts and unselfish labor of a man who has consecrated himself to the service of the Lord Jesus Christ, there is none which can be more sweet, more cheering, more welcome than the acclaim and applause of the good people of his own home. The knowledge that their eyes are upon him, and that they are in sympathy with the good which he is accomplishing and the love which he is winning in strange places, cannot fail to stimulate and console. Feeling this, and as one who has been deeply blessed during his recent visit to our town, I have taken upon myself the duty of making known to the people of Fayetteville the great and glorious work which has been done here by Mr. W. P. Fife, the "Drummer Evangelist."

His series of meetings closed on last Wednesday night, and never in the history of our town has there been such a genuine, thorough and wide-spread revival of religion. All the bitterness of denominational rivalry, all the bigotry of sectarian pride and prejudice, was lost in one grand united effort to hold up the hands and further the exertions of this herald of the Gospel. The large brick warehouse of Messrs. J. B. Thomas & Co., seating four thousand, was secured for the place of meeting and there capacity, Mr. Fife has, twice a day for over a week, preached the Word of God. His intense earnestness, his unflinching zeal and his boldness in denouncing sin in all its forms were not long without effect. While the number of converts was great (over three hundred, I am informed) and

far exceeded all expectations, it has not been in that respect only that he has wonderfully blessed our community. He has aroused both the ministers and laymen of the various churches to a deeper sense of their duties and responsibilities. He sought especially and he has succeeded in impressing them with the grave importance of conforming their lives and conduct to their professions. Among the young people of the churches he has excited an activity in spiritual matters which we believe and pray will be permanent and of lasting benefit to the morals of the community. He has brought about an active co-operation among the different denominations in the prosecution of religious and charitable objects.

And, lastly, he has won for himself the gratitude, esteem and love of all classes, sects and races. It is with the deepest sorrow and regret that we witness his departure, but he leaves us with the blessed assurance that he will carry with him to his home and in further journeyings the prayers and blessings of hundreds whose souls have been saved through his efforts and whose homes have been blessed through his visitation.

W. H. YARBOROUGH, JR.
At the close of the meeting a collection of \$1,000 was taken up and presented to Mr. Fife.
The Streets and Ways of the "Silent City."
A recent evening walk finally took us along the elm-lined avenues and embowered alleys of the Old Cemetery. The hour intensified the stillness of the hallowed place, for the night's shadows had already overtaken the departing day, and twilight only half redeemed from the thickening gloom the loving inscription on stately shaft and lowly memorial slab. The limpid stream that guards with its sinuous fringe this lovely spot was murmuring slumberously, and lights twinkled here and there in the abodes of men where the "fever called living" held yet its sway, and the summons had not passed the threshold, invoking old and young to "Stand at the gloom-curtained door, And the veil of its darkness to gather them o'er."

Late as it was, though, an old man was at work among the graves just beyond the monument to the Confederate dead, who recalled to our mind the aged sexton about whom "Little Nell" sat and mused, as he plied his work, in the last hours of his sweet, pure life. We know not whether he turned with his spade the dank earth, and raked from the grassy mounds the fallen leaves, for hire or in a labor of love; but, as we left him bending industriously to his task, the idea struck us that regular days at certain seasons of the year could be profitably devoted by the whole community to the work of beautifying and putting in good order both cemeteries, without prejudice to the regular duties of the sexton. Few alas! are the households of Fayetteville that have not there placed treasures for God's eternal keep, and there planted flowers, to

"Bloom again in the gardens of light, Transplanted by His care."
Such a plan would have also the advantage of bestowing attention upon the squares and plats of some who lack the means to have the necessary work done and of others who, with their families and belongings, have removed to other scenes. It is a beautiful spot—the home of the dead, but how restful, how full of peace "I've crossed the sea till I was tired, To gain some port I've long desired; From rocks and shoals this spot seemed clear, So I at last have anchored here."

Some Facts About Cotton and a Compress.
The OBSERVER is more than glad to know that the persistency and accuracy with which it has followed and kept pace with the Fayetteville cotton market this season has by no means been in vain, and that our feeble efforts with reference to particular to the "fleece staple" have been largely instrumental in swelling the receipts this year fully three bales to one over 1889. Indeed our most sanguine expectations could not have pictured, nor could we have desired, a greater reward.

By comparison with other interior markets we have succeeded in demonstrating very clearly that Fayetteville pays on an average of about 1 to 2 of a cent per pound more than any of the other inland towns. Upon a basis of a quarter of a cent let us reckon the loss to the planters throughout the counties adjoining and contiguous to Cumberland by selling elsewhere. It is estimated—and upon very good authority—that Robeson county yields annually about 17,000 bales; Sampson, 12,000; Warren, 8,000; Moore, 10,000; Johnston 17,000; with about 15,000 for Cumberland we have a grand total of 62,000 bales which should be sold in Fayetteville, though we have been congratulated if we sell one third of that number. There is then no less than 42,000 bales sold elsewhere for less than Fayetteville quotations. Now, on a basis of a quarter of a cent to the pound the planters themselves would alone lose about \$1.25 on each bale, or a total of \$52,500, within a radius of only six counties.

These facts should be carefully studied by the planters in the counties mentioned above, who should, to some extent at least, be governed accordingly hereafter.

The establishment of a cotton compress here, then, should next suggest itself to our people, the importance of which can best be illustrated by the fact that all leading cotton towns, as well as cotton centres, find such institutions indispensable, and if our cotton buyers and others interested in Fayetteville as a cotton market would give us credit for the advantages Fayetteville possesses over other interior towns as a cotton centre, we are quite sure that before another season rolls round we could boast of this much-needed enterprise.

Our merchants, as a general rule, stand well up in the commercial world, and, backed with ample capital, and quick to grasp golden opportunities, we know of exceedingly few if any investment that offers better returns than a compress. Look at Raleigh and Charlotte, each with its compress, and then look at our advantages in freight rates over both these towns, and tell us why this matter has not

long since been brought to the attention of our cotton men.
Mr. R. M. Nimocks, one of our leading cotton buyers, tells us that there are from 100,000 to 125,000 bales marketed annually from points on the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad and the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad which can be shipped at local rates to this place and thence to the ports or Northern mills at not more than the present charges from stations direct. And now that the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad is being extended south of us through a fine cotton-producing country—which means an addition of at least 30,000 bales to the above figures—we are led to believe that Fayetteville can easily be made the market for no less than 150,000 bales.

To begin with, there is the reduced freight rates on compressed cotton over uncompressed, and second, for the export trade the compress charges are paid by the ship owners. Surely, then, the savings for two or three years would almost liquidate the expense of construction—pay the interest on the money and a handsome profit at least. Mr. Nimocks is confident that a great deal of the stock can easily be placed with the buyers at many of the largest stations, who have Norfolk and Wilmington correspondents, and who would have a double interest in having their shipments compressed. We are also told that overtures have been made for the establishment of a compress here by parties south of us, and the OBSERVER cherishes the hope that the proper authorities will take hold of the matter, and set the ball in motion without delay.

Even the sale of only 62,000 bales here means the distribution of no less than \$2,790,000 in Fayetteville annually.

New Company.
A company has been formed, consisting of Messrs. R. M. Nimocks, of this city, and S. R. and B. W. Townsend, of Red Springs, who have purchased the Red Springs Hotel property. They propose to divide 25 acres into good building lots, and on the remaining land to erect an excellent hotel, to be conducted in first-class style. They are men of energy and standing, and success may be expected of their enterprise. We will have more to say of this matter hereafter.

Omitted Last Week.
In drawing off the list of the newly-qualified County Commissioners last week, our reporter accidentally failed to take down the name of Mr. Geo. W. Graham, of Quehville, one of the most conservative and staunch of the board.

Personal Penalties.
Glad to meet with Capt. J. L. Autry in our city Tuesday.

Mrs. M. D. Clarke, of Manchester, made a flying visit to Fayetteville Tuesday.

Miss Pauline Thornton left this week to visit friends in Kinston and LaGrange.

H. E. Faison, Esq., and Mr. Isham Royal, of Sampson, spent Sunday in Fayetteville.

Mr. L. J. Best, a rising young attorney of Dunn, made a flying visit to Fayetteville Monday.

Mr. Burgess, a prominent attorney of Moore, was in the city yesterday on professional business.

Mr. D. F. St. Clair, editor of our excellent contemporary, the *Sanford Express*, made us a pleasant call yesterday.

Mrs. W. J. McDiarmid returned from Wilmington Saturday, and is "taking in" Manchester and Spout Springs this week.

Mr. John Blue, of Aberdeen, President of the Fayetteville & Albemarle Railroad Company, was here a short while Saturday.

Mr. R. W. Bidgood returned Saturday from a pleasant bird-hunting excursion to Walnut Cove, accompanied by Col. Murchison *et al*, of Wilmington.

Mr. D. C. Sinclair, a former druggist of Lumberton, N. C., but now traveling salesman for C. C. Covington & Co., Wilmington, N. C., was in the city Friday.

Mr. Brooks, of London, England, who sojourns at the Hotel LaFayette for the season on account of ill-health, is enjoying a few days outing at Spout Springs.

Capt. W. J. Tolar, who has been residing in South Carolina for the past year or so, has purchased Mr. Jno. M. Rose's Haymont property, and will make Fayetteville his home in the future.

Mr. E. H. Hardin, of the great New York grocery house of Thurber, Whyland & Co., has been making a business call in this city. Mr. Hardin's visits are always pleasant to Fayetteville people.

Hon. T. H. Sutton returned from Raleigh Saturday night, where he spent last week serving the people of North Carolina on the Railroad Investigating Committee, the results of which are elsewhere recorded.

We were glad to see on our streets this week Mr. Sam'l Haas, traveling salesman for Loeb & Lockheim, wholesale clothiers of Philadelphia. Mr. Haas has many friends in Fayetteville, and was at one time manager of Mr. Geo. Rosenthal's mammoth clothing store.

Dr. Max Jackson, until recently located in one of the large hospitals of New York city, and a graduate of distinction from the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons, is spending a short while with his relatives in this city before going to Macon, Ga., where he will make his future home.

Miss Christina Chloe and Miss Ida Rankin returned some days since from their visit to relatives in Edinburgh, Scotland. Descendants of the historic stock whom Scott's magic pen has woven into creations of romance, their stay in the fatherland must have been fraught with ever-varying interest and delight.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IT IS DIFFICULT TO DECIDE WHAT TO GIVE WIFE FOR A CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

PERMIT US TO ASSIST YOU AND WE WILL SUGGEST A Handsome Parlor Suite.

IS THERE ANYTHING SHE WILL APPRECIATE MORE?

We are offering this season in Rame, Pith-Point, Hair-Cloth, Wool, Mohair and Silk Plushes, Silk and Satin Tapestries the most elegant and extensive line of Parlor Goods ever shown in North Carolina

FOR CHRISTMAS.

We call attention also to our handsome stock of ROCKERS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, BOOKCASES, CABINETS, SIDEBOARDS, FANCY TABLES, HALL STANDS, LOUNGES, and much for lack of space we cannot mention. Will be pleased for you to call and examine our stock.

Dec. 11, 1890.

S. SHEETZ & SONS.

CHRISTMAS GOODS

—AT—

Pemberton's Book and Music House.

Two Stores Full—One Entirely For TOYS AND ONE FOR HANDSOMER GOODS.

Having had several years of experience in buying Holiday Goods we have a CAREFULLY selected stock and feel satisfied that from our great variety we can satisfy every one. We will not be undersold.

Do not buy before examining our two stocks.

Fayetteville, Dec. 4, 1890.

We regret much to learn that Mr. J. P. Cook, the grocer of north-east Market Square, purposes to discontinue business with the close of the year, and contemplates removing from Fayetteville. His business energy and uprightness have merited a generous measure of success, and we hope he may see his way to a reconsideration of his intention.

Prof. Alex. Graham, Superintendent of the Graded Schools of Charlotte, was here for an hour or two last Saturday, on business, and only a few of his many friends had an opportunity of shaking hands with him. Prof. Graham is one of the foremost and most successful educators in North Carolina, and controls the extensive graded school system of Charlotte with marked executive ability.

Mr. S. H. MacRae, one of the most talented of the young men of Fayetteville, now employed in railway civil engineering in Tennessee, spent a few days here last week with his father's family, leaving on Monday for Bedford City, Va., where he was on yesterday united in marriage to Miss Evelyn Bell Claytor, a very charming and accomplished young lady, who has many friends and admirers in this city. Mr. and Mrs. MacRae will be met with very warm greeting in Fayetteville.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS.

ROSE & LEAK

have received this week their large purchases made last week (by Mr. Rose of the firm) in the northern cities. Space and time forbid many special references to the attractions now on sale at ROSE & LEAK'S.

Those China Silks

for fancy work have arrived.

Rose's & Leak's Stock is very complete.

GOODS SOLD ONLY FOR CASH.

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Respectfully,
Dec. 11, 1890.

WANTED.

500 BUSHELS PEASE.
1,000 CORN (good milling).
Q. K. NIMMOCKS & CO.,
or Carolina Roller Mills.
Dec. 4, 1890.

Grand Holiday Excursion from Bennettsville and all Intermediate Stations to Fayetteville and Return, Monday, Dec. 15, '90.

Don't miss this opportunity to visit Fayetteville, the Capital City of the upper Cape Fear. The holiday shoppers are putting on the in at gorge us and brilliant exhibitions for the Christmas tide.

FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP.
From Bennettsville: \$1.50; Tatum, \$1.50; McCall, \$1.50; Hasty, \$1.25; John's, \$1.25; Maxton, \$1.00; Plo, \$1.00; C. Lee, \$1.00; Wakulla, \$1.00; Red Springs, 75c; Shandon, 75c; Lumber Bridge 75c; McCall's, 50c; Hope Mills, 50c.

A train will leave B. Bennettsville at 8 A. M. Returning, will leave Fayetteville at 4:30 P. M.

Eight Coach Trains will be ply of room for everybody to go. Two fine coaches reserved for ladies and escorts. Separate coaches for white and colored, and best of order will be maintained.

Dec. 11, 1890.

J. A. BURNS, Manager.

Attention, Smokers!
SEE OUR NEW CIGAR, Henry W. Grady.

Give us the broad and perfect loyalty that loves and trusts Georgia alike with Massachusetts; that knows no south, no north, no east, no west, but endures with equal and patriotic love every foot of our soil, every State in our Union.

You can buy GRANTLATED SUGAR or anything else as cheap of the undersigned as anywhere.

Fresh Oysters and Richmond Sausage.
Beautiful Golden Butter in Rolls at 39 cents per pound.

Dec. 11, 1890.

A. S. HUSKE, Agt.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST OPENED

—AT—

TULINGHAST'S CROCKERY STORE.

An elegant selection of French, Japanese and Carlsbad China, comprising many exquisite pieces of Fancy Goods as well as all useful articles.

Also beautiful Japanese boxes and trays. Fine Engraved Glassware. Beautiful Library and Parlor Lamps. A complete stock of staple goods in my line. Prices as low as anywhere.

P. S.—We do not sell Dry Goods, Books, Toys or Hardware.

Remember the old place.
Dec. 4, 1890.

T. A. KLUTZ,
Architect & Superintendent
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Jan 12 ft

Commission Merchant
Dealer in Cotton, Naval Stores and Fertilizers
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Sept. 11, 1890.